popularising Khadi and increasing its sales, the Heads of Departments and other Government officers are requested to afford all facilities to the Khadi workers for canvassing Khadi Hundi sales among the staff under their control. Necessary instructions may also be issued in this behalf to all the officers under their control.

S. N. KALABHAIRAVAN,
Under Secretary to Government,
Commerce and Industries Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

Mysore Government Servants' Medical Attendance Rules—Facilities for free medical aid outside the State.

CIRCULAR

No. GAD 17 ORR 59, DATED BANGALORE, THE 4TH SEPTEMBER 1959 (BHADRAPADA 13, SAKA ERA 1881).

Under Rules 2(c), 3 and 6 of the Mysore Government Servants' Medical Attendance Rules, a Government servant is entitled to medical treatment, free of charge, by the authorised medical attendants within the State of Mysore. The only exception to this rule is under proviso to Rule 3 which lays down that in the case of a Government servant stationed in or travelling on duty or on leave in any place outside Mysore State but in the territory of India receives medical attendance for himself or for the members of his family. Even in such cases, only a reasonable amount paid by him on account of treatment shall on production of a certificate in writing of the medical attendant be reimbursed to him after obtaining sanction of Government in the Finance Department.

2. Government servants are thus eligible to avail free of charges only such medical facilities as are available within the State. The question of consulting experts outside the State, at Government cost, for any particular disease regardless of the availability or otherwise of such a specialist for that ailment within the State, does not therefore arise. Individual recommendations are being received by Government from the Medical Department suggesting that consultation of experts in Vellore, etc., is necessary. Such recommendations are beyond the scope of the Medical Attendance Rules and are therefore not in order.

3. As regards cases of Government servants who are on duty, deputation, leave or travelling in any place outside the State but within the territory of India who suddenly fall ill and have to receive urgent medical attendance, they will be entitled for reimbursement of the cost of the medical attendance to the same extent and to the same scale as the Government servants would have been eligible had they at the time of illness, been within the State. Even in such cases the patient should get himself discharged as soon as he is certified fit to travel and undertake or continue the treatment within the State.

4. The claim for reimbursement should be supported by proper receipts and vouchers countersigned by the authorised medical attendant to the effect that the treatment was necessary and the charges are reasonable having regard to the circumstances of the case, and sanction of Government obtained in the Finance Department.

B. VENKATARAMIA,
Under Secretary to Government,
General Administration Department (O. & M. Sec.)

Requirement to pass Examination in General Law by Government Servants.

READ—

Government Order No. OSD 1 RDE 57, dated 31st October 1957.

ORDER No. GAD 150 SRR 59, DATED BANGALORE, THE 10TH SEPTEMBER 1959 (BHADRAPADA 19, SAKA ERA 1881).

According to Government Order No. OSD 1 RDE 57, dated 31st October 1957, an examination in General Law has been prescribed consisting of 3 papers—Paper I on "Civil and Criminal Law", Paper II on "Police Act and Land Laws" and Paper III on the "Constitution of India". All Gazetted officers, except those belonging to certain technical Departments are required to pass the examination in General Law, including Paper III. With the exception of one or two categories of posts; as for instance Superintendents of the Mysore Government Secretariat, a pass in Paper III is not required for holders of non-gazetted posts. Thus it will happen in the majority of cases that a non-gazetted Government servant will have to complete only Paper III, for being eligible for promotion to a gazetted post. In view of these circumstances, it is felt that the examination in General Law may be split up into two distinct parts—Part I consisting of the present Papers I and II and Part II consisting of the present Paper III. The Mysore Local Services Examination Board is in favour of such a change.

2. Government are pleased to direct that the examination in General Law be hereafter split up into 2 parts—Part I comprising of Paper I on "Civil and Criminal Law" and Paper II on "Police Act and Land Laws", and Part II consisting of a paper on "Constitution of India". The examination fee will, however, be the same, irrespective of whether a candidate takes the two parts together at the same examination or only one of the parts.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

L. A. DHAMANIGI,
Under Secretary to Government,
General Administration Department
(Services-1).

To call for a statement of movable and immovable property—Delegation of powers to the Director of Efficiency Audit and Anti-Corruption.

READ—

Letter No. A. C. 3038/550/58-59, dated 9th June 1959, from the Special Officer, Efficiency Audit.

ORDER No. GAD 51 SSR 59, DATED BANGALORE, THE 11TH SEPTEMBER 1959 (BHADRAPADA 20, SAKA ERA 1881).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (5) of Rule 17 of the Mysore Government Servants' Conduct Rules, 1957, the Government of Mysore hereby empowers the Director, Efficiency Audit and Anti-Corruption and the Divisional Commissioners to exercise the powers under said sub-rule in the case of Government Servants of State Civil Service Classes III and IV.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

L. A. DHAMANIGI,
Under Secretary to Government,
General Administration Department.
(Services-1).